

A one-day summit to craft solutions to combat the physician shortage crisis in Iowa





SETTING THE STAGE

The U.S. is experiencing a significant physician shortage estimated at 64,000 physicians.¹
As the baby-boomer generation ages and moves toward a time of life that requires more health interventions, the national demand for physicians will only increase. The U.S. physician shortage will increase to at least 86,000 physicians by 2036.² Clearly, there is a national competition for physicians now and will continue to be well into the future.

On December 6, 2024, the Iowa Medical Society (IMS) launched Operation I.O.W.A., a physician workforce summit to craft solutions to combat the existing physician shortage crisis. Nearly 60 physicians, healthcare executives, policy experts and community leaders from across the state came together to understand the physician workforce crisis and provide statewide solutions.

During Operation I.O.W.A., participants were guided through a session to understand the complexities of Iowa's physician shortage.

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With this foundation of understanding, participants developed innovative solutions to the lowa physician shortage at three intervention points along the physician career pipeline:

- Early-Career Physician Pipeline solutions including high school, college pre-medical education and experiences, medical school, residency, and fellowship training.
- Mid-Career Physician Pipeline solutions including clinical practice environment, administrative burdens, burnout, compensation, policies that impact the doctor-patient relationship, medical decisions, and patient safety.
- Later-Career Physician Pipeline solutions including how senior physicians can slow down their practice and have more flexibility in when and where they practice.

Over the course of the summit, hundreds of solutions were offered by Iowa's healthcare leaders. Meeting participants then voted on the most appealing solutions along the physician pipeline. Below, we provide a quick overview of Iowa's physician workforce shortage followed by the "top vote-getting" solutions, in ranked order, across physician pipelines.

UNDERSTANDING IOWA'S PHYSICIAN WORKFORCE CRISIS

Iowa faces a significant shortage of physicians, ranking 44th in the nation in physicians per capita.³ Contributors to Iowa's physician shortage include:

- More Medical School Graduates than First Year Residency Training Positions. Iowa has more medical school graduates each year (~384 per year) than available first year residency training positions (~278 per year). If we could offer more lowa-based residency positions, we could easily retain the young physicians we already train in lowa.
- Physician Debt Burden on Chosen Specialty and Practice Site. Across the US, medical school graduate loan debt now averages \$227,000, leading early career physicians to choose specialties, and practice locations that provide their best path to move out of significant debt. The national competition for physicians has promoted aggressive health system physician recruiting programs that offer physician graduates full loan forgiveness, signing bonuses, and other financial advantages. If we could offer more competitive financial incentives, we could recruit and retain lowa's young physicians.
- Physicians Relocating Out of Iowa. Each year, 400 physicians stop practicing in Iowa. On average, 35% of these physicians retire, while 46% relocate out of Iowa to practice medicine in another state. Iowa physician reimbursement is Iower than most regions of the US. This is now having a significant impact on access to care, as well as the vitality of Iowa's workforce. Improving Iowa physician reimbursement to at least national averages would have a significant impact on physician recruitment and retention and access to care for Iowans.
- Doctor Patient Relationship. The practice environment specific to lowa may have an impact on the doctor-patient relationship, medical decision making, and patient safety.
 Considerations such as these may impact where some physicians plan to practice medicine across their careers. It is important to continue to monitor and discuss the impact of these factors on patient care, patient safety, and physician recruitment and retention.



OVERVIEW OF OPERATION I.O.W.A. - SOLUTIONS FOR IOWA'S PHYSICIAN WORKFORCE CRISIS

Below are the primary solutions put forward from state health leaders during the Operation I.O.W.A. summit, ranked in order of popularity and feasibility.

Seven Early-Career Physician Pipeline Solutions:

- Increase the number of residency training positions and provide financial support of medical educators across lowa.
- Enhance pre-medicine programs to increase the number of qualified applicants to lowa's medical schools.
- Increase early career financial support in the forms of loan payback programs, scholarships, and retention supplements.
- When possible, starting as pre-medical students, streamline the number of years of formal training to become a fully qualified independent practice physician in Iowa.
 Develop statewide marketing strategies to recruit physicians for "First Job in Iowa."
- Enhance support to medical educators across lowa including an incentive program for hosting and teaching residents and medical students.
- Strengthen economic development case for all of Iowa that comes with investment in early career physicians to improve access to care for Iowa's employers, employees and families.

Nine Mid-Career Physician Pipeline Solutions:

- Increase Iowa physician reimbursement to the national 50th percentile.
- Reduce administrative burdens that consume significant physician time and do not improve access, timeliness and quality of care - e.g. onerous prior authorization demands on physicians.
- Improve the physician work environment that promotes a culture of physician sustainability.
- Study and inform elected, agency and business leaders of impact of policies that alter the physician
 patient relationship, medical decision options, and patient safety.
- Build a stronger culture of community and support across lowa to promote physician sustainability.
- Enhance collaborative practice and easier state-wide referrals between lowa's health systems, critical access hospitals, and physician groups.
- Provide incentives to remain in Iowa.
- Expand physician workforce through re-allocation to lowa of unfilled J-1 physician specific visas.
- Build stronger partnerships with the business community and employers to recruit and retain physicians.

Eight Late-Career Physician Pipeline Solutions:

- Create more pathways for return to practice for those who have been on extended leave or who have retired.
- Expand use and increase flexibility of telemedicine.
- Expand incentives to remain practicing with increased flexibility for part-time scheduling for senior physicians.
- Create new clinical practice and licensing options for later stages of career that allow for semiretired activities outside of medicine.
- Develop new roles for senior physicians including mentorship opportunities for practicing physicians and as clinician educators for expanded lowa residency and medical student programs.
- Enhance statewide credentialing, call service, and/or cross-coverage.
- Establish easy-to-join semi-retired physician program that promotes ongoing training, clinical updates, technology updates, continuing education credits, and builds community.
- Provide job portal and clearinghouse for opportunities for later stages in career.

^{1,2} GlobalData Plc. The Complexities of Physician Supply and Demand: Projections From 2021 to 2036. Washington, DC: AAMC; 2024.

Institute, Common Sense. "Iowa's Healthcare Landscape." Common Sense Institute, Common Sense Institute Iowa, 22 Aug. 2024, www.commonsenseinstituteus.org/iowa/research/healthcare/-iowas-healthcare-landscape.

[&]quot;Debt, Costs, and Loan Repayment Fact Card for the Class ..." Medical Student Education: Debt, Costs, and Loan Repayment Fact Card for the Class of 2024, Association of American Medical Colleges, Oct. 2024, students-resi dents.aamc.org/media/12846/download.

Operation I.O.W.A. summit:

Details on Top Solutions for Iowa's Physician Workforce Crisis

SESSION I: EARLY PIPELINE RECOMMENDATIONS

STARTING AND STAYING IN IOWA

7 Recommendations **Actions/Impact** Why this is important 1. Increase residency Training more resident physicians creates a Iowa has more medical positions better opportunity for retention - targeting student graduates each Provide funding for all of Iowa and illustrating the need to year than first year more residency and those most likely to return to their home residency positions. fellowship training community. positions and financial **Residents and fellows** More access to funding and increases in support for medical who train in Iowa have a residency slots provides future capacity for educators across Iowa. greater chance of staying medical student graduates to fill in greater This will require a more here to establish longer numbers in the future. robust state-wide medical practice. teaching and supervision Create additional rural track resident infrastructure and training experiences and funded residency consistent funding for positions with incentives to set up practice residents, fellows, and in rural lowa. teachers. Create new teacher stipends and/or tax credits for resident teaching and recruitment. Seek a reduction of the significant administrative burdens of establishing, expanding, and maintaining accredited residency training programs.

2. Enhance pre-medicine programs to increase highly qualified applicants to medical school.

When possible, streamline and merge components of the training pipeline from high school to community college to college to medical school to residency Establish a "collective" that shares outreach, education and experiential resources to grow the pool of interested pre-medical students. Pre-med advising in high school and college needs to promote successful pathways to admission to medical school and fulfilling careers in medicine.

Increase the opportunities to provide "hands-on" experiences for potential medical students to see the profession up close. This includes shadowing experiences - but more importantly, working in

Nationally, the number of high school graduates will soon begin to decline. This will extend to a decline in college graduates and without intervention, most likely a decline in applicants to medical school.

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training. Make earlier connections - in middle school, high school and pre-med programming to recruit top-talent to careers in lowa medicine.

healthcare itself (i.e. pre-med employment as EMTs, medical assistants, and nursing assistants.)

Utilization of more doctors as role models to increase exposure. Broader use of "Kids in White Coats" program.

Create a more aggressive/strategic marketing campaign to interest kids while they are still in high school in order to recruit young people within the state.

3. Increase early career financial support.

Provide early career financial assistance to stay and practice in lowa in the form of undergraduate and medical school scholarships, loan -payback programs, tax credits for first five years of practice in lowa, and signing bonuses to practice in rural lowa.

Financial barriers are a substantial consideration when contemplating the profession of medicine. By demystifying and creating viable financial pathways to become a practicing physician in Iowa, more students will see the benefit in staying.

Increase the number of specialties and locations accepted under the loan repayment program.

Seek adequate funding to establish a tuition free medical school pathway in exchange for practice in underserved regions of lowa. Surveys of current medical students demonstrate that they have significant concerns on how they will financially make it through medical school and residency training.

Large public and private health entities already offer significant loan payback, signing bonuses, and start-up assistance to residents in training to lure them away from lowa.

4. Streamline training.

When possible, streamline and merge components of the training pipeline - from high school to community college to college to medical school to residency training. Reduce barriers to early admission and reduce pre-med attrition due to gap years and waiting lists.

Use of collective resources to improve premed advising and counseling.

Create bridge curriculum to sustain strategic engagement of students and reduce tuition burden on students interested in medical school.

Across the U.S., collaboration between community colleges and universities are allowing a more cost-effective path to meet pre-med course requirements. Similarly, several medical schools have allowed an overlap of the last year of medical school and the first year of residency training, again lessening the cost of training for the medical student.

5. Develop statewide marketing strategies to recruit for "first job in lowa." Develop a physician portal/website to pair with job fairs and marketing of advantages to working in Iowa. Conduct "exit interviews" for those medical students and residents who are leaving Iowa to determine best strategies for retaining talent in the future.

Surrounding states have unified physician recruitment campaigns that use app and social media technologies.

6. Enhance support to medical educators across lowa. Provide incentive programs for teaching residents and medical students.

Allow for teaching tax incentives for faculty, and use of residents for faculty. Allow easy access to medical library services and Continuing Medical Education programs and credits.

Across the US, clinical preceptors in community settings devote significant time to teaching students and residents.

7. Strengthen economic development case for all of lowa with improved access to care for employees and families.

Explore partnerships between IMS, the Iowa Chamber Alliance, economic development agencies, and major employers.

Potential new economic/ job growth companies will look at access to care as a factor when looking to expand their businesses.

SESSION II: PRACTICE ENVIRONMENT RECOMMENDATIONSFOR RECRUITING AND RETAINING PHYSICIANS IN IOWA

9 Recommendations	Actions/Impact	Why this is important
1. Increase lowa physician reimbursement to the national 50th percentile. Provide compensation /improvements to fee schedule/advocacy for commercial payors, Medicaid, and Medicare rates.	Partner with payors to recruit and retain physicians to improve access to care across lowa. Encourage payors to incentivize physicians to stay in lowa; create a feedback loop for value-based care. Examine and encourage increases to private/commercial insurance payor reimbursements to be competitive with other states/the marketplace. Ensure Medicaid reimbursement and rate reviews are on a consistent schedule. Advocate for fair Medicare reimbursement rates that acknowledge rural disadvantages in the Geographic Practice Cost Index (GPCI).	A significant number of physicians, with significant loan debt burden, leave lowa each year to practice in other states in part due to higher compensation across their entire career.
2. Reduce administrative burdens that consume significant physician time and do not improve access, timeliness, and quality of care.	Reform the prior authorization process and decrease EHR requirements and regulations. Streamline payor utilization of AI algorithms in the prior authorization process, to ensure these tools improve access to care rather than create additional obstacles. Facilitate access, support, and use of technology, including AI best practices for physicians, to reduce administrative burdens and burnout. Streamline excessive training mandates that do not improve quality and safety of care. Cross-credentialing across health care organizations to aid physicians practicing in multiple locations across lowa.	Burnout is currently at 50% of practicing physicians - with excessive time-demanding administrative burdens as major driving factors. A new physician to lowa may be required to undergo as much as 61.5 hours of mandatory training in their first year of practice. Rarely does this mandatory training improve the quality of patient care.

3. Improve the physician work environment by promoting a culture of physician sustainability. Create an environment of better work/life balance and quality of life considerations.

Create a formal process to request spousal job assistance in rural areas through the economic development office.

Promote a culture that fully utilizes PTO, and enhances work/life balance, and positive mental health.

Create attraction packages for spouses and families (child-care and others)

Practice expectations of 60 to 80 hours per week, with frequent overnight call are not sustainable over the long-term.

4. Study and inform elected /agency and business leaders on impact of policies that alter the physician - patient relationship, medical decision options, and patient safety.

Assess the potential impact of the current practice environment on active practitioners in Iowa.

Share stories from exit interviews on why residents and established physicians have left the state due to practice changes impacting the doctor-patient relationship.

5. Build a stronger culture of physician community across Iowa.

More opportunities to network and interact socially as a "community of practitioners." Reduce the competitive nature of practice in favor of incentivized collaborative practice models and opportunities to collaborate.

Physicians, particularly in rural lowa, would benefit from greater connection and support from their state-wide physician colleagues.

6. Enhance collaborative practice and easier state-wide referrals.

Teamwork, collaboration, networking, and connection between physicians (i.e., an online physician lounge) to help with support, and potentially assist in job satisfaction and burnout.

Statewide support for collaborative practice agreements so providers can work at the top of their licenses.

Create feasible limits on non-competes that are more collaborative so physicians don't feel stuck and have to leave city or state if they don't "fit in" with their current job and colleagues.

Competition between health systems can have an impact on ease of transfer of patients needing a higher level of care and on the well-being of the referring physician.

7. Provide incentives to remain in Iowa.	Work with local communities to provide local tax abatements/reductions to allow rural practice to operate at reduced/lower costs. Create incentives for doctors to return to lowa from out-of-state. Establish a process to interview doctors who are leaving the state to determine preventative remedies specific to trends in their departure.	Across the U.S., local business leaders are partnering with local health systems to create attractive physician recruitment packages.
8. Expand workforce through re-allocation to lowa of unfilled J-1 Visas.	Work with legislators to expand/change number of J-1 visas available for doctors to practice in lowa.	Several states do not use their 30 allotted J-1 physician visas each year.
9. Build a stronger partnership with the business community and employers.	Work with local communities to provide innovations in retaining workforce - tax abatement, recruitment kits for Chambers of Commerce, etc.	Local businesses and potential new businesses will look at access to care regarding their future investments in jobs.

SESSION III: LATER STAGE (55+)

STRATEGIES TO KEEP PHYSICIANS IN/RETURN TO PRACTICE

8 Recommendations	Actions/Impact	Why this is important
1. Create more pathways for return to practice for those who have retired. This includes special/easing of medical licensing and credentialing requirements.	Create a "transitional" license model to allow work for decreased cost and/or requirements to hold a license. Decrease rigidity in the requirements to return to practice - with particular emphasis on health systems. Develop and deploy a return to practice toolkit including different requirements for CEUs and training/upskilling on technology. Create a Legacy Track of options: virtual teachings, teaching in general, do ECHOs, shadowing opportunities for younger physicians, volunteerism (be chaperones for kids in white coats idea!), sabbatical options, cross-cover CALL, other non-clinical options.	A significant number of physicians retired early during the worst of the COVID-19 pandemic. Each year, a significant number of physicians go on extended leave for family care reasons. Tapping into this pool of physician talent is an important unrecognized solution to lowa's physician shortage.
2. Enhance flexibility of telemedicine/more reciprocity.	Allow broader use of telemedicine in different practice areas. Maintain/increase payment for telemedicine services. Reciprocity for providing telemedicine services while traveling/visiting grandkids out of state.	Telemedicine allows semi-retired physicians to practice from multiple locations – such as "snow-bird" locations in the winter.
3. Expand incentives for to remain practicing with flexibility for parttime and/or slow down solutions.	Develop solutions for open/flexible scheduling and different care models. State-funded retention bonus for continuing practice in Iowa. Past retirement age and still practicing - offer tax credits.	When retired, lowans do not pay state-income tax. A practicing physician over 65 years old continues to pay income tax unlike their retired peers.

	Creation of a Special Medical License, with reduced administrative requirements for those physicians with more limited clinical duties.	
4. Create new clinical practice options for later stages in career.	Evolve practice models to allow for senior physicians to continue to practice and allow for semi-retired activities outside of medicine.	
5. Develop new roles for senior physicians including mentorship opportunities and as clinician educators for expanded lowa residency and medical student programs.	Develop pipeline of available mentors and clinical teachers to extend the reach of providers at the top of their level - allowing them to be met where they are in life/purpose.	Local businesses and potential new businesses will look at access to care regarding their future investments in jobs.
6. Enhance statewide call service/cross-coverage.	Establish a statewide network of available doctors to expand the coverage of medical services throughout the state, utilizing doctors in later stages of practice.	
7. Establish easy-to-join semi-retired physician program.	Opportunities to reduce isolation for mature physicians and create a strong social fabric to increase interest in returning to practice in some form and share stories. Establish clubs for semi-retired physicians/more connectedness on a social level (social, educational, service oriented) ECHO programs for emerging public health and clinical practice issues.	It is not uncommon for lowa physician alumni who are nearing retirement to move back to lowa to be with their children and grandchildren.
	Create inventory/list of available	

8. Provide clearinghouse for opportunities for later stages in career.

Create inventory/list of available opportunities from around lowa for groups/ practices who may be seeking doctors for limited/sporadic engagement as an opportunity to develop a different practice model.

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